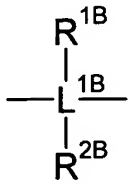
AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. (currently amended) A monocyclopentadienyl complex which comprises the structural feature of the formula $(Cp)(-Z-A)_mM$ (I), where the variables have the following meanings:

Cp is a cyclopentadienyl system,

Z is a bridge between A and Cp of the formula,



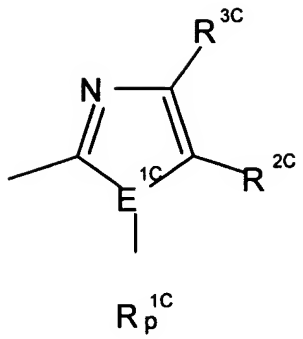
where

L^{1B} are each, independently of one another, carbon or silicon,

R^{1B},R^{2B} are each, independently of one another hydrogen, C_1-C_{20}-alkyl, C_2-C_{20}-alkenyl, C_6-C_{20}-aryl, alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part or SiR^{3B}_3, where the organic radicals R^{1B} and R^{2B} may be substituted by halogens, and the two radicals R^{1B} and R^{2B}, or either R^{1B} or R^{2B} and A may be joined to form a five- or six- membered ring,

R^{3B} are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C_1-C_{20}-alkyl, C_2-C_{20}-alkenyl, C_6-C_{20}-aryl or alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part and two radicals R^{3B} may be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring,

A has the formula (IIIb):



(IIIb)

where

E^{1C} is nitrogen, phosphorus, sulfur or oxygen,

R^{1C}-R^{3C} are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C_1-C_{20}-alkyl, C_2-C_{20}-alkenyl, C_6-C_{20}-aryl, alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part or SiR^{5C}_3, where the organic radicals R^{1C}-~~R^{4C}~~$\underline{R^{3C}}$ may be substituted by halogens or nitrogen or further C_1-C_{20}-alkyl groups, C_2-C_{20}-alkenyl groups, C_6-C_{20}-aryl groups, alkylaryl groups having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part or SiR^{5C}_3 and two vicinal radicals R^{1C}-R^{3C} or radical R^{1C} and Z may be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring,

R^{5C} are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C_1-C_{20}-alkyl, C_2-C_{20}-alkenyl, C_6-C_{20}-aryl or alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part and two radicals R^{5C} may be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring, and

p is 0 when E^{1C} is sulfur or oxygen and 1 when E^{1C} is nitrogen or phosphorus,

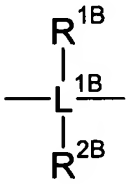
M is a metal selected from the group consisting of titanium in the oxidation state 3, vanadium, chromium, molybdenum and tungsten, and

m is 1, 2 or 3.

2. (currently amended) A monocyclopentadienyl complex as claimed in claim 1 having the formula $(Cp)\text{-}(\text{-}Z\text{-}A)_mMX_k$ (VI), where the variables have the following meanings:

Cp is a cyclopentadienyl system,

Z is a bridge between A and Cp of the formula,



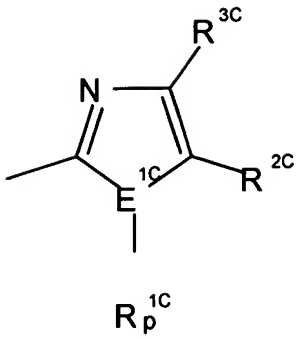
where

L^{1B} are each, independently of one another, carbon or silicon,

R^{1B},R^{2B} are each, independently of one another hydrogen, C_1-C_{20}-alkyl, C_2-C_{20}-alkenyl, C_6-C_{20}-aryl, alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part or SiR^{3B}_3, where the organic radicals R^{1B} and R^{2B} may be substituted by halogens, and the two radicals R^{1B} and R^{2B}, or either R^{1B} or R^{2B} and A may be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring,

R^{3B} are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C_1-C_{20}-alkyl, C_2-C_{20}-alkenyl, C_6-C_{20}-aryl or alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part and two radicals R^{3B} may be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring,

A has the formula (IIIb):



(IIIb)

where

E^{1C} is nitrogen, phosphorus, sulfur or oxygen,

R^{1C}-R^{3C} are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C_1-C_{20}-alkyl, C_2-C_{20}-alkenyl, C_6-C_{20}-aryl, alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part or SiR^{5C}_3, where the organic radicals R^{1C}-~~R^{4C}~~$\underline{R^{3C}}$ may be substituted by halogens or nitrogen or further C_1-C_{20}-alkyl groups, C_2-C_{20}-alkenyl groups, C_6-C_{20}-aryl groups, alkylaryl groups having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part or SiR^{5C}_3 and two vicinal radicals R^{1C}-R^{3C} or radical R^{1C} and Z may be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring,

R^{5C} are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C_1-C_{20}-alkyl, C_2-C_{20}-alkenyl, C_6-C_{20}-aryl or alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part and two radicals R^{5C} may be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring, and

p is 0 when E^{1C} is sulfur or oxygen and 1 when E^{1C} is nitrogen or phosphorus,

M is a metal selected from the group consisting of titanium in the oxidation state 3, vanadium, chromium, molybdenum and tungsten,

m is 1, 2 or 3,

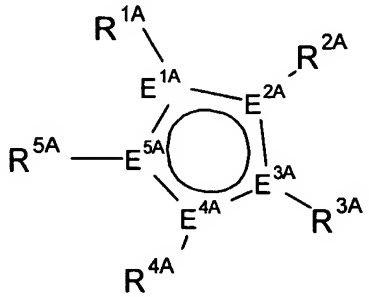
X are each, independently of one another, fluorine, chlorine, bromine, iodine, hydrogen, C_1-C_{10}-alkyl, C_2-C_{10}-alkenyl, C_6-C_{20}-aryl, alkylaryl having 1-10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part, NR^1R^2, OR^1, SR^1, SO_3R^1, $OC(O)R^1$, CN, SCN, β-diketonate, CO, BF_4^-, PF_6^- or a bulky noncoordinating anion,

R^1-R^2 are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C_1-C_{20}-alkyl, C_2-C_{20}-alkenyl, C_6-C_{20}-aryl, alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part or SiR^3_3, where the organic radicals R^1-R^2 may be substituted by halogens and two radicals R^1-R^2 may be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring,

R^3 are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C_1-C_{20}-alkyl, C_2-C_{20}-alkenyl, C_6-C_{20}-aryl, or alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part and two radicals R^3 may be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring and

k is 1, 2, or 3.

3. (previously presented) The monocyclopentadienyl complex of claim 1, wherein the cyclopentadienyl system Cp has the formula (II):



(II)

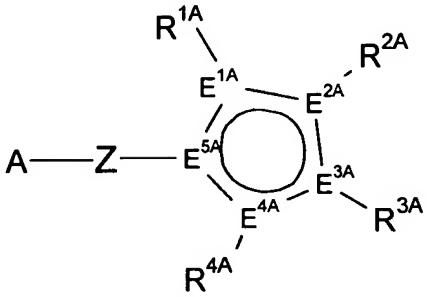
where the variables have the following meanings:

E^{1A}-E^{5A} are each carbon or not more than one E^{1A} to E^{5A} is phosphorus,

R^{1A}-R^{5A} are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C_1-C_{20}-alkyl, C_2-C_{20}-alkenyl, C_6-C_{20}-aryl, alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part, NR^{6A}_2, $N(SiR^{6A}_3)_2$, OR^{6A}, $OSiR^{6A}_3$, SiR^{6A}_3, or BR^{6A}_2, where the organic radicals R^{1A}-R^{5A} may be substituted by halogens, and two vicinal radicals R^{1A}-R^{5A} may be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring, and/or two vicinal radicals R^{1A}-R^{5A} are joined to form a heterocycle which contains at least one atom from the group consisting of N, P, O and S, with 1, 2 or 3 substituents R^{1A}-R^{5A} each being a -Z-A group, and

R^{6A} are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C_1-C_{20}-alkyl, C_2-C_{20}-alkenyl, C_6-C_{20}-aryl, or alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part and two geminal radicals R^{6A} may be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring.

4. (currently amended) The monocyclopentadienyl complex of claim 1, wherein the cyclopentadienyl system Cp together with -Z-A has the formula (IV):



(IV)

where the variables have the following meanings:

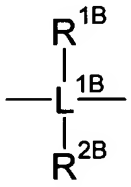
E^{1A}-E^{5A} are each carbon or not more than one E^{1A} to E^{5A} is phosphorus,

R^{1A}-R^{4A} are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C_1-C_{20}-alkyl, C_2-C_{20}-alkenyl, C_6-C_{20}-aryl, alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part, NR^{6A}_2, $N(SiR^{6A}_3)_2$, OR^{6A}, $OSiR^{6A}_3$, or SiR^{6A}_3, where the organic radicals R^{1A}-R^{4A} may be substituted by halogens, and two vicinal radicals R^{1A}-R^{4A} may be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring,

and/or two vicinal radicals R^{1A}-R^{4A} are joined to form a heterocycle which contains at least one atom from the group consisting of N, P, O and S,

R^{6A} are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C_1-C_{20}-alkyl, C_2-C_{20}-alkenyl, C_6-C_{20}-aryl, or alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part and two geminal radicals R^{6A} may ~~also~~ be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring,

Z is a bridge between A and Cp of the formula,



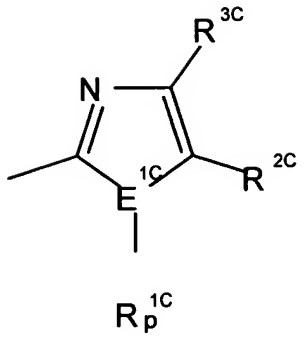
where

L^{1B} are each, independently of one another, carbon or silicon,

R^{1B},R^{2B} are each, independently of one another hydrogen, C_1-C_{20}-alkyl, C_2-C_{20}-alkenyl, C_6-C_{20}-aryl, alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part or SiR^{3B}_3, where the organic radicals R^{1B} and R^{2B} may be substituted by halogens, and the two radicals R^{1B} and R^{2B}, or either R^{1B} or R^{2B} and A may be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring,

R^{3B} are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C_1-C_{20}-alkyl, C_2-C_{20}-alkenyl, C_6-C_{20}-aryl or alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part and two radicals R^{3B} may be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring and

A has the formula (IIIb):



(IIIb)

where

E^{1C} is nitrogen, phosphorus, sulfur or oxygen,

R^{1C}-R^{3C} are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C_1-C_{20}-alkyl, C_2-C_{20}-alkenyl, C_6-C_{20}-aryl, alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part or SiR^{5C}_3, where the organic radicals R^{1C}-~~R^{4C}~~$\underline{R^{3C}}$ may be substituted by halogens or nitrogen or further C_1-C_{20}-alkyl groups, C_2-C_{20}-alkenyl groups, C_6-C_{20}-aryl groups, alkylaryl groups having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part or SiR^{5C}_3 and two vicinal radicals R^{1C}-R^{3C} or radical R^{1C} and Z may be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring,

R^{5C} are each, independently of one another, hydrogen, C_1-C_{20}-alkyl, C_2-C_{20}-alkenyl, C_6-C_{20}-aryl or alkylaryl having from 1 to 10 carbon atoms in the alkyl part and 6-20 carbon atoms in the aryl part and two radicals R^{5C} may be joined to form a five- or six-membered ring, and

p is 0 when E^{1C} is sulfur or oxygen and 1 when E^{1C} is nitrogen or phosphorus.

5. (canceled)

6. (previously presented) The monocyclopentadienyl complex of claim 1, wherein L^{1B} is carbon.

7. (previously presented) The monocyclopentadienyl complex of claim 1, wherein Z is $-CH_2-$, $-C(CH_3)_2-$, $-CH(C_6H_5)-$ or $-C(C_6H_5)_2-$.

8. (previously presented) A catalyst system for olefin polymerization comprising

A) at least one monocyclopentadienyl complex as defined in claim 1,

B) optionally an organic or inorganic support,

C) optionally one or more activating compounds,

D) optionally one or more catalysts suitable for olefin polymerization and

E) optionally one or more metal compounds containing a metal of group 1, 2 or 13 of the Periodic Table.

9. (original) A prepolymerized catalyst system comprising a catalyst system as claimed in claim 8 and one or more linear C_2-C_{10}-1-alkenes polymerized onto it in a mass ratio of from 1:0.1 to 1:1 000, based on the catalyst system.

10. (previously presented) The use of a catalyst system as claimed in claim 8 for the polymerization or copolymerization of olefins.

11. (previously presented) A process for preparing polyolefins by polymerization or copolymerization of olefins in the presence of a catalyst system as claimed in claim 8.

12. (canceled)

13. (canceled)

14 (new) The monocyclopentadienyl complex of claim 1 wherein E^{1C} is nitrogen.

15. (new) The monocyclopentadienyl complex of claim 2 wherein E^{1C} is nitrogen.

16. (new) The monocyclopentadienyl complex of claim 4 wherein E^{1C} is nitrogen.